IDAPA 02 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animals Division

02.04.21 – Rules Governing the Importation of Animals

Who does this rule apply to?
Producers who import animals into the state of Idaho.

What is the purpose of this rule?
In order to prevent the introduction of contagious, infectious or communicable diseases into livestock of the state, this rule governs procedures, requirements, and qualifications for the importation of animals into the state of Idaho.

What is the legal authority for the agency to promulgate this rule?
This rule implements the following statutes passed by the Idaho Legislature:

- 25-203, Idaho Code – Division of Animal Industries – Rules and Regulations
- 25-305, Idaho Code – Rules and Regulations for Tuberculosis Free Areas
- 25-401, Idaho Code – Performance of Chapter for Livestock Disease Control
- 25-601, Idaho Code – Duties of Department of Agriculture for Bang's Disease
- 25-3704, Idaho Code – Domestic Cervidae Farms: Rules for Registering Premises and Disease Prevention

Who do I contact for more information on this rule?

Idaho State Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Rd.
Boise, ID 83712
P.O. Box 7249
Boise, ID 83707
Phone: (208) 332-8500
Fax: (208) 334-2170
Email: rulesinfo@isda.idaho.gov
Webpage: https://agri.idaho.gov/main/

This rule chapter will be reviewed in compliance with Section 67-5292, Idaho Code, and in accordance with the 8-year rule review schedule linked here.

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000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.
This chapter is adapted under the legal authority of Sections 25-203, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, 25-3704, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

001. SCOPE.
These rules govern procedures, requirements, and qualifications for importation of all animals into the state of Idaho. (3-31-22)

002. – 003. (RESERVED)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.
Copies of these documents may be obtained from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture Central Office. IDAPA 02.04.21 incorporates by reference: (3-31-22)

01. The October 1, 2003 Edition of the Brucellosis Eradication Uniform Methods and Rules. Available online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_diseases/brucellosis/downloads/umr_bovine_bruc.pdf. (3-31-22)

02. The September 30, 2003 Edition of the Brucellosis in Cervidae: Uniform Methods and Rules. Available online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_diseases/brucellosis/downloads/bcervumr.pdf. (3-31-22)

03. The April 1998 Edition of the Swine Brucellosis Control/Eradication: State-Federal-Industry Uniform Methods and Rules. Available online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_dis_spec/swine/downloads/sbruumr.pdf. (3-31-22)

04. The Code of Federal Regulations Title 9, Parts 71, 75, 77, 78, 85, 145, 147, and 161, January 1, 2021. Available online at http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=9e3e2eff1a42367841dc92eee8d5324d&mc=true&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title09/9cfrv1_02.tpl#0. (3-31-22)

05. The January 1, 2005 Edition of the Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication Uniform Methods and Rules. Available online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_diseases/tuberculosis/downloads/tb-umr.pdf. (3-31-22)

06. The November 1, 2003 Edition of the Pseudorabies Eradication, State-Federal-Industry Program Standards. Available online at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_diseases/pseudorabies/downloads/program_stds.pdf. (3-31-22)

07. The January 10, 2007 Edition of the Equine Infectious Anemia: Uniform Methods and Rules. Available online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/nahss/equine/eia/eia_umr_jan_10_2007.pdf. (3-31-22)

005. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.

01. Accredited Veterinarian. A veterinarian approved by the Administrator and USDA/APHIS/VS in accordance with provisions of Title 9, Part 161, Code of Federal Regulations to perform functions of State-Federal animal disease control programs. (3-31-22)

02. Animals. All vertebrates, except humans. (3-31-22)

03. Approved Brucella Vaccine. A vaccine product that is approved by and produced under license of the United States Department of Agriculture for administration to cattle, domestic bison, swine or domestic cervidae for the purpose of enhancing the resistance to brucellosis. (3-31-22)

04. Approved Equine Feedlot. A feedlot approved by the Administrator to feed equids intended to be shipped directly to slaughter within sixty (60) days of arrival to the feedlot and have not been officially tested for Equine Infectious Anemia (EIA) prior to importation into Idaho. (3-31-22)

05. Approved Feedlot. A feedlot approved by the Administrator to feed female cattle and domestic bison which have not been officially vaccinated against brucellosis, tested for Tuberculosis, tested for

Trichomoniasis, or other bovidae not in compliance with Idaho's rules. (3-31-22)

06. Approved Slaughter Establishment. A USDA inspected slaughter establishment at which ante-mortem and post-mortem inspection is conducted by USDA inspectors. (3-31-22)

07. Brucellosis. An infectious disease of animals and humans caused by bacteria of the genus Brucella. (3-31-22)

08. Brucellosis Surveillance Area or High Risk Areas. Any area of a state that has been identified by USDA/APHIS/VS or state animal health officials as an area that poses a greater risk for transmission of brucellosis than would be expected based upon the official classification of the state. (3-31-22)

09. Camelids. Llamas, alpacas, vicunas, camels. (3-31-22)

10. Cattle. All bovidae including domestic bison. (3-31-22)

11. Certificate. An official certificate of veterinary inspection or other approved certificate issued by an accredited veterinarian, state or federal animal health official or other approved official at the point of origin of the shipment of animal(s) being imported. (3-31-22)

12. Domesticated. Propagated and maintained under the control of a person. (3-31-22)

13. Domestic Bison. All animals in the family Bison that are owned by a person. (3-31-22)

14. Domestic Cervidae. Elk, fallow deer, and reindeer that are owned by a person. (3-31-22)

15. Equidae. Horses, ponies, asses, mules, zebras. (3-31-22)

16. Exposed. Animals that have had direct contact with other animals, herds, or materials that have been determined to be infected with or affected by any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease. (3-31-22)

17. Federal Animal Health Official. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who has been authorized to perform animal health activities. (3-31-22)

18. Feeder Animals. Animals to be fed for slaughter only. (3-31-22)

19. Fur Bearing Animals. Fox, skunk, raccoons, mink, chinchilla, marten, fisher, muskrat, beaver, and bobcat that are raised for use in the fur industry. (3-31-22)

20. Game Birds. Domesticated gallinaceous fowl such as pheasants, partridge, quail, grouse and guineas. (3-31-22)

21. Hatching Eggs. Fertilized eggs. (3-31-22)

22. Livestock. Means cattle, swine, horses, mules, asses, domestic cervidae, sheep, goats, camelids, and ratites. (3-31-22)

23. National CWD Herd Certification Program. A federal-state-industry cooperative program, as provided for in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 9, Part 55, January 1, 2013. The program, administered by APHIS and implemented by participating states, establishes CWD surveillance and testing standards cervidae owners must achieve before interstate transport will be permitted. (3-31-22)

24. Negative. Animals are classified as negative when they have been subjected to official tests for a disease, and the tests performed have failed to disclose evidence of the disease. (3-31-22)

25. Official Identification. The unique individual identification of cattle, domestic bison, swine, or domestic cervidae in accordance with the rules governing each species. (3-31-22)

26. Official Vaccinate. Cattle or domestic bison female that was inoculated, in accordance with IDAPA 02.04.20 "Rules Governing Brucellosis" or the Brucellosis Eradication UM&R, with an approved Brucella vaccine. (3-31-22)

27. Poultry. The term means chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, guinea fowl, pigeons, pheasants, domestic fowl, waterfowl and gamebirds. (3-31-22)

28. Quarantine. A written order executed by the Administrator to confine or hold animals on a premise, or any other location where found, and prevent movement of animals from a premise or any other location when the administrator has determined that the animals are infected with or exposed to a disease, or are not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. (3-31-22)

29. Ratites. Ostrich, emu, rhea and cassowaries. (3-31-22)

30. Slaughter Animals. Animals of any kind for immediate slaughter, or those consigned for slaughter within seventy-two (72) hours of arrival at an approved slaughter facility or within seven (7) days of arrival at an approved buying station. (3-31-22)

31. State Animal Health Official. The Administrator or his designee responsible for disease control and eradication programs. (3-31-22)

32. VHSV Positive Area. Any area or region that has been identified by USDA as affected by VHSV. (3-31-22)

33. Wildlife. Any animal generally living in a state of nature except, domestic bison, domestic cervidae, domestic fur bearing animals, and fish. (3-31-22)

011. ABBREVIATIONS.

01. ADT. Animal Disease Traceability. (3-31-22)

02. APHIS. Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. (3-31-22)

03. AVIC. Area Veterinarian in Charge. (3-31-22)

04. AZA. Association of Zoos and Aquariums. (3-31-22)

05. BAPA. Buffered Acidified Plate Assay. (3-31-22)

06. BPAT. Buffered Antigen Plate-Agglutination Test. (3-31-22)

07. CVI. Certification of Veterinary Inspection. (3-31-22)

08. CF. Complement Fixation Test. (3-31-22)

09. CFR. Code of Federal Regulations. (3-31-22)

10. CWD. Chronic Wasting Disease. (3-31-22)

11. EIA. Equine Infectious Anemia. (3-31-22)

12. EVA. Equine Viral Arteritis. (3-31-22)

13. FPA. Fluorescence Polarization Assay. (3-31-22)

14. NAEBA. North American Elk Breeders Association. (3-31-22)

15. **NASAHO**. National Assembly of State Animal Health Officials. (3-31-22)

16. **NPIP**. National Poultry Improvement Plan. (3-31-22)

17. ***P. tenuis***. *Paralephastrongylus tenuis* (meningeal worm of deer). (3-31-22)

18. **PCR**. Polymerase Chain Reaction. (3-31-22)

19. **RDGF**. Red Deer Genetic Factor. (3-31-22)

20. **TB**. Tuberculosis. (3-31-22)

21. **UM&R**. Uniform Methods and Rules. (3-31-22)

22. **USDA**. United States Department of Agriculture. (3-31-22)

23. **VHSV**. Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia Virus. (3-31-22)

24. **VS**. Veterinary Services. (3-31-22)

012. -- 050. (RESERVED)

051. POST ENTRY INSPECTIONS.
All animals entering Idaho may be subject to a post-entry inspection by state or federal animal health officials. (3-31-22)

052. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. CERTIFICATES OR PERMIT REQUIRED.
Unless otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, all animals transported or moved into the state of Idaho shall be accompanied by: (3-31-22)

01. **Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (CVI)**. An official certificate of veterinary inspection; or (3-31-22)

02. **Other Approved Certificates**. Other certificate approved by the Administrator; and (3-31-22)

03. **Permit**. A permit issued by the Administrator, if required. (3-31-22)

04. **Possession**. A copy of the certificate, and permit if required, shall be in the possession of the driver of the vehicle at the time of importation. (3-31-22)

05. **Exemptions**. Any livestock consigned to a location in Idaho accompanied by a valid electronic CVI approved by the NASAHO, demonstrating the consigned livestock have met all other applicable importation requirements, shall be exempt from entry permit requirements. (3-31-22)

101. CONTENTS OF CERTIFICATES.
All certificates shall provide a written, legible record attesting the animal(s) meet the importation requirements of the state of Idaho. The certificate shall be on an official form of the state of origin, if applicable, be approved by its state animal health official and be issued by an accredited veterinarian. All certificates shall contain the following information: (3-31-22)

01. **Name and Address**. Name and address of the consignor and consignee; and (3-31-22)

02. **Origin of Shipment**. Including city and state; and (3-31-22)

03. Final Destination of Shipment. Including city and state; and (3-31-22)

04. Description of Animals. An accurate description and identification of each animal if required; and (3-31-22)

05. Purpose of Shipment. The purposes for which the animals were shipped, and method of transportation; and (3-31-22)

06. Health Status. The certificate shall indicate the health status of the animals involved including dates and results of inspection and of tests and vaccinations, if any, required by the state of Idaho; and (3-31-22)

07. Signature. The signature of the accredited veterinarian, or state or federal animal health official, conducting the veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

08. Mailing Certificate to Idaho. The required copies of certificates of veterinary inspection or other approved certificates shall be transmitted, within seven (7) days of inspection, to the Division of Animal Industries, P.O. Box 7249, Boise, ID 83707, or ID-CVI@isda.idaho.gov. (3-31-22)

09. Period of Certificate Validity. Certificates of veterinary inspection shall be valid for no longer than thirty (30) days after the date issued. (3-31-22)

102. EXTENDED VALIDITY EQUINE CERTIFICATES.
Equidae from other states may enter the state of Idaho on an extended validity equine certificate system approved by the Administrator. (3-31-22)

01. Valid for One Animal. An extended validity equine certificate shall be valid for only one (1) animal. Each animal shall have a separate certificate. (3-31-22)

02. Contents. Extended validity equine certificates shall contain the name and address of the owner, location or origin of the animal if different from that of the owner, an accurate description and identification of the animal, date of veterinary inspection, physical address of movement destination, travel date, date of negative EIA test or other required tests or vaccinations, if applicable, and signature of inspecting veterinarian. (3-31-22)

03. Period of Validity. Extended validity equine certificates are valid for no longer than six (6) months from date of veterinary inspection for the certificate. (3-31-22)

04. Cancellation. Extended validity equine certificates may be canceled at any time by the Administrator in the event of serious or emergency disease situations or for non-compliance with the provisions of these rules. (3-31-22)

103. NPIP CERTIFICATE.
Poultry imported from NPIP certified flocks may be moved with VS Form 9-3 in lieu of a certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

104. IMPORT PERMITS.
Request for permits to import animals, when applicable, into the state of Idaho shall be directed to the Division of Animal Industries online Import Permit System at https://www.isda.idaho.gov/AnimalImport/ or by telephone (208) 332-8540. (3-31-22)

01. Contents of a Permit Request. The request for an import permit shall include the following information: (3-31-22)

a. Name, physical address, and phone number of the consignor and consignee; (3-31-22)

b. Number and kind of animals; (3-31-22)

c. Origin of shipments; (3-31-22)

d. Final destination; (3-31-22)

e. Purpose of shipment; (3-31-22)

f. Date of shipment; (3-31-22)

g. Results of any required tests, inspections, or vaccinations; and (3-31-22)

h. Issuing veterinarian contact information. (3-31-22)

02. Timeframe for Requesting a Permit. Permits may be requested no more than one (1) week in advance of the shipment of the animals. (3-31-22)

03. Period of Validity. Permits are valid for no longer than fifteen (15) days from the date of issuance unless otherwise specified. (3-31-22)

105. TO WHOM MAY ANIMALS BE CONSIGNED.
Animals transported or moved into the state shall be consigned to a person residing in Idaho or to a person authorized by law to do business in the state of Idaho. (3-31-22)

106. DIVERSION OF ANIMALS AFTER SHIPMENT.
No person consigning, transporting or receiving animals in the state of Idaho shall authorize, order or carry out diversion of such animals to a destination or consignee other than set forth on the certificate of veterinary inspection or permit without notifying the Division of Animal Industries within seventy-two (72) hours of the diversion. (3-31-22)

107. ANIMALS EXPOSED TO DISEASE OR ORIGINATING IN A QUARANTINED AREA.
No animals affected with or which have been exposed to any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease, or which originate in a quarantined area shall be transported or moved into the state of Idaho unless a permit for such entry is first obtained from the Division of Animal Industries, except such animals in classifications allowed interstate shipment under specified requirements of the USDA may move without permit if in compliance with Title 9, Parts 71, 77, 78, 85, 145, and 147 CFR requirements. (3-31-22)

108. QUARANTINE IMPOSED IF NO CERTIFICATE ISSUED.
Animals entering the state of Idaho without a valid certificate of veterinary inspection or other approved certificate shall be held in quarantine at the risk and expense of the owner. (3-31-22)

01. Duration of Quarantine. Such animals shall remain under quarantine until the quarantine is released by a state or federal animal health official. (3-31-22)

02. Animals Without a Certificate. The Administrator may order animals that are not in compliance with certificate of veterinary inspection requirements to be slaughtered, removed from the state, or confined to an approved feedlot. (3-31-22)

03. Hold Order. Quarantines may take the form of a hold order. (3-31-22)

109. VESICULAR STOMATITIS.
No livestock may enter Idaho from another state if Vesicular Stomatitis has been diagnosed on the premises of origin of the shipment within the last thirty (30) days. (3-31-22)

01. Certificate of Inspection. Any livestock entering Idaho from a state where Vesicular Stomatitis has been diagnosed within the last thirty (30) days shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection with a Vesicular Stomatitis statement written by the accredited veterinarian on the certificate. (3-31-22)

02. Permit for Entry. Livestock from states in which Vesicular Stomatitis has been diagnosed within the last thirty (30) days shall be accompanied by a permit for entry into Idaho. (3-31-22)

110. ADDITIONAL IMPORT REQUIREMENTS.
The Administrator may impose additional or more restrictive import requirements than the requirements in this chapter by issuing a written order stating the additional requirements and the reasons for the requirements. (3-31-22)

111. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. IMPORTATION OF CATTLE INTO IDAHO.
All cattle that enter the state of Idaho shall possess appropriate official individual identification, if required, and be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection attesting they are free from evidence of any infectious disease, or exposure thereto, except: (3-31-22)

01. Approved Slaughter Establishments. Cattle consigned directly to approved slaughter establishments shall be accompanied by a statement of ownership such as a brand certificate or waybill; or (3-31-22)

02. Specifically Approved Livestock Market. Cattle consigned directly to specifically approved livestock markets shall be accompanied by a statement of ownership such as a brand certificate or waybill, and a permit, if required; or (3-31-22)

03. Feedlots Approved by the Administrator. Cattle consigned directly to feedlots approved by the Administrator for conducting veterinary inspections upon the arrival of the cattle. (3-31-22)

04. Post-Entry Inspection. All cattle entering Idaho may be subject to a post-entry inspection by state or federal animal health officials. (3-31-22)

201. CATTLE AND BISON IMPORTED FROM CANADA.
All cattle and bison imported into Idaho from Canada, except those imported directly to slaughter, must: (3-31-22)

01. Idaho Requirements. Meet all Idaho import requirements. (3-31-22)

02. USDA Requirements. Meet all USDA import requirements. (3-31-22)

03. Individually Identified. Be individually identified on a certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

04. Import Permit. Be accompanied by an import permit issued by the Division. (3-31-22)

202. WHEN PERMITS ARE REQUIRED FOR CATTLE.
Cattle and bison shipments consigned to Idaho on an electronic CVI approved by the NASAHO are exempt from entry permit requirements. (3-31-22)

01. Dairy. For all intact male and female cattle of dairy breeds not consigned directly to an approved slaughter establishment, or to a specifically approved livestock market. All dairy cattle shall be officially identified as provided in Section 203 of these rules. (3-31-22)

02. Beef Bulls. All bulls of beef breeds not consigned directly to an approved slaughter establishment, or to a specifically approved livestock market, except intact male calves accompanying their dams. (3-31-22)

03. Female Beef Cattle. All intact female cattle of beef breeds not consigned directly to an approved slaughter establishment or to a specifically approved livestock market that are: (3-31-22)

a. From states or areas that are not Brucellosis Class Free; or (3-31-22)

b. Not officially vaccinated pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.20, “Rules Governing Brucellosis,” except calves accompanying their dam; or (3-31-22)

04. Restricted Areas. All cattle from areas or states on which Idaho or USDA has imposed

restrictions. (3-31-22)

05. Domestic Bison. Domestic bison imported into Idaho shall be in compliance with the same requirements as cattle. (3-31-22)

06. Canadian Cattle and Canadian Domestic Bison. All cattle and Canadian domestic bison imported into Idaho from Canada, except those imported directly to slaughter, must have an import permit prior to importation. (3-31-22)

07. Other. Cattle of any classification that do not meet other entry requirements. (3-31-22)

203. OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION OF IMPORTED CATTLE.

01. Beef Cattle. All sexually intact beef breed cattle, eighteen (18) months of age or older, shall possess official individual identification. (3-31-22)

02. Dairy Cattle. All dairy breed cattle, regardless of age, shall possess official individual identification. (3-31-22)

03. Show/Rodeo Cattle. All cattle, regardless of age, imported into Idaho for the purposes of rodeo, show, or exhibition shall possess official individual identification. (3-31-22)

204. -- 209. (RESERVED)

210. BRUCELLOSIS VACCINATION REQUIREMENTS.
All intact female cattle entering Idaho shall have been officially vaccinated for brucellosis except: (3-31-22)

01. Cattle Consigned to Slaughter. Female cattle consigned directly to an approved slaughter establishment; or (3-31-22)

02. Cattle Consigned to Specifically Approved Livestock Markets. Female cattle consigned directly to a specifically approved livestock market; or (3-31-22)

03. Approved Feedlot. Female cattle consigned directly to an Idaho approved feedlot, by permit; or (3-31-22)

04. Calves. Female calves less than one hundred twenty (120) days of age not accompanying their dam, by permit; or (3-31-22)

05. Vaccination on Arrival. Non-vaccinated females may, by permit, be consigned to a qualified destination approved by the Administrator to be officially vaccinated on arrival pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.20, "Rules Governing Brucellosis"; or (3-31-22)

06. Show Cattle. Female cattle may enter Idaho for the purpose of participating in shows, rodeos, or other exhibitions, by permit. (3-31-22)

211. BRUCELLOSIS TEST REQUIREMENTS.

01. Class A States or Areas. All test eligible cattle from non-Class Free states or areas shall have been tested negative within thirty (30) days of importation unless consigned to slaughter. (3-31-22)

02. Brucellosis Surveillance or High Risk Areas. Test eligible cattle from brucellosis surveillance areas or brucellosis high risk areas shall be tested negative to an official brucellosis test within thirty (30) days before importation into Idaho except those cattle consigned directly to an approved slaughter establishment, or a specifically approved livestock market where they shall be tested prior to sale. Such cattle sold to a destination other than an approved slaughter establishment may be held under quarantine for forty-five (45) to one hundred twenty (120) days to allow for additional brucellosis tests. (3-31-22)

212. TEST ELIGIBLE CATTLE.
Test eligible cattle are all intact male and female cattle, twelve (12) months of age or older. All test eligible cattle shall be officially identified on the CVI in accordance with ADT requirements. (3-31-22)

213. -- 219. (RESERVED)

220. GRAZING CATTLE.
Cattle herds moved into Idaho or from Idaho to other states for seasonal grazing periods shall be moved only under special grazing permits issued jointly by the Division of Animal Industries and the state animal health official in a state which reciprocates with Idaho in honoring grazing permits. (3-31-22)

01. Grazing Permits. Grazing permits shall be for one (1) specified season only and be issued prior to movement on a case-by-case basis. (3-31-22)

02. Entry Requirements. All livestock moving in or out of Idaho on an approved grazing permit must possess a valid CVI to the destined grazing location. Grazing livestock must meet ADT and other entry requirements prior to movement. Livestock herds that comply with all provisions of the grazing permit are not required to obtain a certification of veterinary certificate to return home. (3-31-22)

03. Herd Ownership. Cattle herds permitted to move under the provisions of Section 220 shall be established herds. Change of ownership of the herd shall not be allowed while the herd is under the requirements of the grazing permit, and the cattle shall be moved interstate with such certification, identification and testing as the Administrator may require. (3-31-22)

04. Diversion. Changes to the destined grazing location(s) listed on the approved grazing permit, either prior to departure or during the designated grazing period, are prohibited without prior notification to ISDA and the reciprocating state. (3-31-22)

221. -- 229. (RESERVED)

230. EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.
Cattle may be imported into the state of Idaho in emergency situations under special permit from the Administrator. (3-31-22)

01. Cattle Held Separate. Cattle allowed entrance under this provision shall be held separate and apart from Idaho cattle and quarantined for a specific time period to a specific area for grazing or feeding purposes. (3-31-22)

02. Cattle Returned to State of Origin. At the end of the quarantine time period the cattle will be returned to the state of origin, but shall meet the state of origin's import requirements prior to departure from Idaho. (3-31-22)

03. Cattle That Remain in Idaho. If an owner desires to leave such cattle in Idaho after the time period has expired, then such cattle shall meet the same health and test requirements as would normally be required of any imported cattle and this shall be done at the owner's expense. (3-31-22)

231. -- 239. (RESERVED)

240. TUBERCULOSIS TEST REQUIREMENTS.
Cattle and domestic bison may enter the state of Idaho provided the following requirements are met as described in Title 9, Part 177, CFR: (3-31-22)

01. Tuberculosis Accredited Free State or Zone. (3-31-22)

a. Beef Breeds of Cattle. Cattle of beef breeds may enter the state without a tuberculosis test. (3-31-22)

b. Dairy Breeds of Cattle. All sexually intact male and female cattle, six (6) months of age and older, shall test negative for tuberculosis, within sixty (60) days prior to entry, and also are officially identified may enter Idaho by permit; (3-31-22)

i. Exemptions from tuberculosis testing: (3-31-22)

(1) Individually identified intact male and female dairy breed cattle consigned directly to an approved feedlot may enter Idaho, by permit. (3-31-22)

(2) Intact male and female dairy breed cattle, six (6) months of age and older, entering Idaho to participate in shows or exhibitions, by permit. (3-31-22)

02. Tuberculosis Accredited Free Herd. Accredited cattle and bison herds are exempt from tuberculosis testing if the CVI contains the accredited herd number and date of the most recent tuberculosis test. (3-31-22)

03. Tuberculosis Modified Accredited Advanced State or Zone. (3-31-22)

a. Beef Breeds of Cattle. Must test negative for tuberculosis within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho. (3-31-22)

i. Exemptions from tuberculosis testing: (3-31-22)

(1) Cattle and bison entering Idaho on an approved grazing permit under Section 220; (3-31-22)

(2) Cattle and bison consigned directly to an approved feedlot may enter Idaho, by permit. Sexually intact cattle or bison over eighteen (18) months of age consigned to an approved feedlot must be officially identified; (3-31-22)

(3) Cattle and bison consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment; (3-31-22)

(4) Origin state was previously classified as accredited free and has no laboratory or epidemiological evidence of tuberculosis in the previous twelve (12) months, as approved by the Administrator; (3-31-22)

b. Dairy Breed of Cattle. Must test negative for tuberculosis within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho. (3-31-22)

i. Exemptions from tuberculosis testing: (3-31-22)

(1) Cattle entering Idaho on an approved grazing permit under Section 220; (3-31-22)

(2) Cattle consigned directly to an approved feedlot may enter Idaho, by permit. All dairy breed cattle, regardless of age, must be officially identified; (3-31-22)

(3) Cattle consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment. (3-31-22)

04. Tuberculosis Modified Accredited State or Zone. (3-31-22)

a. All breeds of cattle and bison. (3-31-22)

i. Sexually intact cattle or bison that originate from a herd that was negative to a whole herd test the one (1) year prior to the date of movement may enter Idaho if individually identified and test negative to an additional tuberculosis test within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho; (3-31-22)

ii. Any cattle or bison consigned to an approved feedlot may enter Idaho if individually identified and test negative for tuberculosis within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho; (3-31-22)

iii. Exemptions from tuberculosis testing. (3-31-22)

(1) Cattle consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment. (3-31-22)

05. Tuberculosis Accredited Preparatory State or Zone. (3-31-22)

a. All breeds of cattle and bison. (3-31-22)

i. Sexually intact cattle or bison that originate from a herd that was negative to a whole herd test within the one (1) year prior to the date of movement may enter Idaho if individually identified and test negative to two (2) additional tuberculosis tests conducted no more than six (6) months apart with the second test occurring within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho, or; (3-31-22)

ii. Any cattle or bison consigned to an approved feedlot may enter Idaho if individually identified and test negative for tuberculosis on two (2) official tests conducted no more than six (6) months apart with the second test occurring within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho. (3-31-22)

iii. Any cattle or bison originating from a tuberculosis accredited free herd may enter Idaho if individually identified and test negative for tuberculosis within sixty (60) days prior to entry into Idaho; (3-31-22)

iv. Exemptions from tuberculosis testing: (3-31-22)

(1) Cattle consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment. (3-31-22)

06. Tuberculosis Non-Accredited State or Zone. All breeds of cattle and bison are prohibited from entering Idaho except by special permit issued by the Administrator. (3-31-22)

07. Rodeo Stock. All cattle six (6) months of age or older that have been used for rodeo or timed events imported into Idaho must have been tested negative for bovine tuberculosis within twelve (12) months prior to importation into Idaho. (3-31-22)

241. -- 259. (RESERVED)

260. TRICHOMONIASIS.
The Certificate of Veterinary Inspection for bulls imported into Idaho shall contain a statement certifying that trichomoniasis is not known to exist in the herd of origin, and: (3-31-22)

01. Virgin Bulls Less Than Eighteen Months of Age. The virgin bull(s) are less than eighteen (18) months of age and have not serviced a cow; or (3-31-22)

02. Tested Bulls. The bull(s) have been tested by PCR or pooled PCR for trichomoniasis within sixty (60) days of shipment, were negative to the test, and have not been exposed to female cattle since the test sample was collected. (3-31-22)

03. Exceptions. Exceptions to certification and testing: (3-31-22)

a. Bulls consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment; or (3-31-22)

b. Bulls consigned directly to an approved feedlot; or (3-31-22)

c. Bulls consigned directly to a specifically approved livestock market; or (3-31-22)

d. Rodeo bulls imported by an Idaho based rodeo producer, with an approved rodeo bull lot as described in IDAPA 02.04.29, "Rules Governing Trichomoniasis," Section 400 or rodeo bulls imported to perform at specific rodeos in Idaho. (3-31-22)

e. Bulls imported for exhibition at livestock shows, provided the bull will be returned to its state of origin, will not be exposed to female cattle, and will not be offered for sale. (3-31-22)

f. Bison are exempt from Trichomoniasis testing prior to importation into Idaho. (3-31-22)

261. -- 299. (RESERVED)

300. EQUIDAE.
All horses, mules, asses, and other equidae that are to be transported or moved into the state of Idaho shall be accompanied by an official certificate of veterinary inspection or extended validity equine certificate, from the state of origin, stating that the equidae are free from evidence of any communicable disease and have completed EIA test requirements, except as provided in this section. (3-31-22)

01. EIA Test Requirements. An official EIA test is a blood test conducted by a USDA approved laboratory, within twelve (12) months prior of entry of the equidae into Idaho. (3-31-22)

a. Entry of equidae into Idaho shall not be allowed until the EIA test has been completed and reported negative. Pending test results are not acceptable for import. Equidae which test positive to the EIA test shall not be permitted entry into Idaho, except by special written permission from the Administrator. (3-31-22)

b. A nursing foal less than six (6) months of age accompanied by its EIA negative dam is exempt from the test requirements. (3-31-22)

02. Working Horses Included on Grazing Permits. "Working horses" used for seasonal ranching purposes may be exempt from the requirements of this section if the horses have been included on a current grazing permit which has received prior approval from the Administrator and the state animal health official in a state which reciprocates with Idaho in honoring grazing permits. (3-31-22)

03. Approved Equine Feedlot. Equids imported to be fed for slaughter in an equine feedlot approved by the Administrator may be exempt from EIA test requirements provided: (3-31-22)

a. Horses qualified into the approved facility must be sent directly to slaughter within sixty (60) days; (3-31-22)

b. A distance of no less than two hundred (200) yards is maintained at all times between designated slaughter horses and all other equids; (3-31-22)

c. Feedlot owners maintain complete and accurate records of the disposition of all equids qualified into the approved equine feedlot; and (3-31-22)

d. Feedlot owners annually apply for renewal of approved feedlot status prior to expiration on December 31st of each calendar year. (3-31-22)

e. All equids imported into an approved equine feedlot must have a valid entry permit prior to entry. (3-31-22)

04. Reciprocal Agreements. The Administrator may enter into cooperative reciprocal agreements with neighboring states which exempt EIA testing requirements for movement of equidae between the cooperating states. (3-31-22)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED)

400. IMPORTATION OF SWINE.
Swine may enter the state of Idaho provided they are individually identified by official ear tags or other approved techniques indicating the state and herd of origin and they are accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection attesting to the following: (3-31-22)

01. Vaccination. The swine have not been vaccinated with any pseudorabies vaccine; and (3-31-22)

02. Garbage. The swine have not been fed raw garbage. (3-31-22)

03. Slaughter Swine Exceptions. Swine shipped directly to an approved slaughter establishment or approved livestock market for sale direct to an approved slaughter establishment that are apparently healthy may enter the state of Idaho without a certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

401. BRUCELLOSIS REQUIREMENTS.
Breeding swine shall be tested negative for brucellosis with an approved test within thirty (30) days prior to entry or originate from a validated brucellosis free herd or validated brucellosis free state. (3-31-22)

402. PSEUDORABIES REQUIREMENTS.

01. Breeding Swine. Breeding swine may be shipped directly from: (3-31-22)

a. A farm of origin or a specifically approved livestock market in a Stage IV or V state/area without Pseudorabies testing; or (3-31-22)

b. A qualified Pseudorabies-negative herd with a negative official Pseudorabies test within thirty (30) days prior to entry into Idaho; or (3-31-22)

c. A farm of origin or a specifically approved livestock market in any other state or area with a negative official Pseudorabies test within thirty (30) days prior to entry and such swine must be quarantined in isolation at destination and retested thirty (30) to sixty (60) days following importation. (3-31-22)

02. Feeder Pigs. Feeder pigs may be shipped directly from: (3-31-22)

a. A farm of origin or a specifically approved livestock market in a Stage IV or V state/area, or be shipped directly from a qualified Pseudorabies-negative herd without a Pseudorabies test; or (3-31-22)

b. A farm of origin or a specifically approved livestock market in any other state or area with a negative official Pseudorabies test within thirty (30) days prior to entry. Such swine must be quarantined in isolation at destination and retested thirty (30) to sixty (60) days following importation. (3-31-22)

03. Slaughter Swine. Slaughter swine that are known to be exposed to Pseudorabies may be shipped directly to an approved slaughter establishment by permit. Slaughter swine, which are not known to be infected or exposed, may be imported from a state/area with a program status up to and including Stage III, for movement directly to an approved slaughter establishment, with a permit. Slaughter swine from Stage IV or V state/area, which are not known to be infected or exposed, may be imported directly to approved slaughter establishments or to specifically approved livestock markets for sale to approved slaughter establishments, without a permit. (3-31-22)

403. -- 499. (RESERVED)

500. DOGS AND CATS.
All dogs and cats imported into the state of Idaho must be accompanied by a CVI. Dogs and cats twelve (12) weeks of age or older shall be vaccinated for rabies. (3-31-22)

501. -- 599. (RESERVED)

600. IMPORTATION OF DOMESTIC CERVIDAE.
Domestic cervidae may enter the state of Idaho, by permit, provided: (3-31-22)

01. Certificate of Veterinary Inspection and Testing. The cervidae are accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection and meet the testing requirements of Section 601. (3-31-22)

02. National CWD Herd Certification Program Participation. All cervidae must originate from a

herd that is in good standing and actively participating in the National CWD Herd Certification Program. (3-31-22)

03. Deworming Requirement. All cervidae that originate from locations east of the 100th meridian, except those consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment, are required to receive anthelminthic, approved for treatment of *P. tenuis*, within one hundred eighty (180) days prior to import into Idaho. Treatment must be documented on the certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

601. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.
All cervidae imported into Idaho shall meet the following test requirements: (3-31-22)

01. Brucellosis. Animals six (6) months of age and older originating from a brucellosis surveillance area or brucellosis high risk area shall be negative to at least two (2) different official brucellosis tests from a single blood sample, one (1) of which shall be the BAPA/BPAT and the other shall be the FPA, within sixty (60) days prior to entry, or the animals shall originate directly from a Brucellosis certified free herd or a brucellosis class free state for cervidae. (3-31-22)

02. Tuberculosis. Cervid imports shall comply with all provisions of the "Uniform Methods and Rules – Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication" and Title 9, Part 77 CFR. (3-31-22)

03. Exceptions. Domestic cervids consigned directly to slaughter at an approved slaughter establishment. (3-31-22)

602. INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICATION.
Each cervid animal imported shall be individually identified with two (2) forms of official identification for each animal according to IDAPA 02.04.19, "Rules Governing Domestic Cervidae.". (3-31-22)

603. DESTINATION.
Imported domestic cervidae shall be delivered only to approved slaughter establishments, or domestic cervidae ranches, which are in compliance with the domestic cervidae rules. (3-31-22)

604. IMPORT PERMIT.
Domestic cervidae imported into Idaho shall require a permit issued by the Division of Animal Industries. (3-31-22)

605. FROM CERTIFIED CWD FREE HERD.
All elk and reindeer imported into Idaho shall originate from a herd that has been enrolled in a CWD monitoring program for at least sixty (60) months and which has been determined to have certified CWD free cervid herd status by the animal health official of the state of origin. No elk or reindeer that have ever been located within a CWD endemic area shall be imported into Idaho. (3-31-22)

01. Records. Importation of cervids into Idaho must include the records and causes of death for the past five (5) years for the entire herd of origin. (3-31-22)

606. -- 649. (RESERVED)

650. FISH.
No person shall import, transport, receive or otherwise bring into the State of Idaho any live fish or viable hatching eggs that are listed as Deleterious Exotic Animals in IDAPA 02.04.27 "Rules Governing Deleterious Exotic Animals," or Invasive Species as listed in IDAPA 02.06.09, "Rules Governing Invasive Species." (3-31-22)

651. -- 659. (RESERVED)

660. CERTIFICATE AND PERMIT.
In addition to any permits or certifications required by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game, all live fish and viable hatching eggs imported into Idaho must be accompanied by an import permit issued by the Administrator; and (3-31-22)

01. A Certificate of Veterinary Inspection Issued in the State of Origin; or (3-31-22)

02. Title 50 Certification; or (3-31-22)

03. American Fisheries Society Certified Fish Health Inspector's Certification. (3-31-22)

661. ORIGIN OF FISH.
All shipments of live fish and viable hatching eggs imported into Idaho must be accompanied by an invoice or bill of lading that clearly describes the origin(s), species, inventory, lot number, and destination of all fish in the shipment. (3-31-22)

662. -- 669. (RESERVED)

670. VHSV POSITIVE AREAS.
No fish or viable hatching eggs from any VHSV positive area shall be imported into Idaho unless the shipment has been authorized and is accompanied by a permit issued by the director of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game. (3-31-22)

671. -- 699. (RESERVED)

700. AVIAN SPECIES.
All birds imported into Idaho shall have either a certificate of veterinary inspection or other approved certificate. (3-31-22)

701. POULTRY AND POULTRY HATCHING EGGS.
All poultry and poultry hatching eggs imported into the state of Idaho shall either: (3-31-22)

01. Originate from NPIP Flock. Originate from a certified NPIP flock and have a valid VS Form 9-3 accompanying the shipment; or (3-31-22)

02. Salmonella Test. Every bird in the shipment shall be tested negative for *Salmonella pullorum-typhoid* within the past thirty (30) days and have a valid certificate of veterinary inspection accompany the shipment. Test results shall be recorded on the certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

03. Endemic Areas. Importation of poultry originating from a premises or region designated by the animal health official in the state of origin as having an active avian influenza outbreak shall be prohibited. (3-31-22)

702. RATITES AND RATITE HATCHING EGGS.
Ratites and ratite hatching eggs imported in the state of Idaho shall: (3-31-22)

01. Originate from NPIP Flock. Originate from a certified NPIP flock and have a valid VS Form 9-3 accompanying the shipment. (3-31-22)

02. Not Originating From a NPIP Flock. Ratites originating from a non-NPIP flock shall be tested negative for *Salmonella pullorum-typhoid* within the past thirty (30) days prior to shipment, and the test results shall be recorded on a valid certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

03. Endemic Areas. Importation of poultry originating from a premises or region designated by the animal health official in the state of origin as having an active avian influenza outbreak shall be prohibited. (3-31-22)

04. Ratite Approved Feedlots. Ratites imported to be fed for slaughter in a ratite feedlot approved by the Administrator may be exempt from NPIP test requirements provided: (3-31-22)

a. Feedlot owners maintain complete and accurate records of the disposition of all ratites qualified into the approved ratite feedlot; and (3-31-22)

b. Feedlot owners annually apply for renewal of approved feedlot status prior to expiration on December 31st of each calendar year. (3-31-22)

c. All ratites imported into an approved ratite feedlot must have a valid entry permit prior to entry. (3-31-22)

703. -- 709. (RESERVED)

710. DOMESTIC FUR-BEARING ANIMALS.
All domestic fur bearing animals which are transported or moved into the state of Idaho are required to have a certificate of veterinary inspection from the state of origin and an import permit from the Division of Animal Industries. (3-31-22)

01. Certificate and Permit. The certificate and permit shall accompany the shipment of the animals. (3-31-22)

02. Mink. All mink imported into the state of Idaho shall be tested negative for Aleutian Disease using the counterelectrophoresis (CEP) test, within thirty (30) days prior to import. Negative test results shall be recorded on the certificate of veterinary inspection. (3-31-22)

03. Other Tests. The Administrator may approve tests other than CEP for Aleutian Disease testing. (3-31-22)

711. -- 719. (RESERVED)

720. WILDLIFE AND EXOTIC ANIMALS.
All native and non-native wildlife, and all exotic animals imported into Idaho: (3-31-22)

01. Deleterious Exotic Animals. No person shall import deleterious exotic animals into the state of Idaho except as provided in IDAPA 02.04.27, "Rules Governing Deleterious Exotic Animals." (3-31-22)

02. Wildlife and Exotic Animals, Except Deleterious Exotic Animals. Wildlife and exotic animals, except deleterious exotic animals, and all matters pertaining to any restrictions governing their movement into the state of Idaho, are under the authority of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game. (3-31-22)

03. Certificate and Permit. In addition to any requirements of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game, wildlife and exotic animals are required to have a certificate of veterinary inspection from the state of origin and an import permit from the Division of Animal Industries. (3-31-22)

04. Additional Requirements. The Administrator may impose test and certification requirements, for diseases of concern, on any native or non-native wildlife, or exotic animals imported into Idaho. (3-31-22)

721. -- 799. (RESERVED)

800. BIOLOGICS.
Serum, vaccines, bacterins and biological remedies of all kinds used as diagnostic agents or used in the treatment of diseases of animals shall not be sold, distributed or used within the state of Idaho or imported into the state for sale, distribution or use unless such serum, vaccines, bacterins and biological remedies have been produced under a license issued by USDA/AHPIS/VS. (3-31-22)

801. -- 899. (RESERVED)

900. VIOLATION OF RULES.
In addition to any other civil, criminal, or administrative action, the Administrator may require any animals imported into Idaho in violation of these rules to be placed under strict quarantine and consigned to immediate slaughter, removed from the state or to an approved feedlot within fifteen (15) days, or such shipment shall be returned to the point of origin by the importer. (3-31-22)

901. -- 999. (RESERVED)